Diversity

Brazil is recognized as the country with the world’s greatest biological diversity. 20% of the planet’s biodiversity

06 Biomes and the maritime zone

194 million people
The sectors and the Family Farming
Soybean, sugar cane, cattle and planted forest sectors occupy about 80% of the total area occupied by farming activities.

20% of the farming space - 70% of the food consumed
Population dynamics

In Brasil 85% of the population lives in urban areas. Projection for Latin America - 90% until 2020.
Conservation

Conservation Units

Other protected areas

Areas to be protected - Areas to be restored
Impacts:
Production expansion, deforestation, ecosystem fragmentation, pesticides
Climate change

Impact on people lives, on agriculture and economy
Desertification
Challenges and Strategies
Integrated landscape planning and zoning of the sectors
Legislation and Monitoring - Policy
Expansion - Not convert new areas
Stepping up production in all sectors
Integration for diversification
Support to expand family farming - Agrobiodiversity
Stemming the rural exodus - Return to rural areas
Expansion of protected areas
Incentives environment services payments
Brazil has major challenges ahead, but also immense possibilities - Choose the right strategies
The Brazilian Forests Dialogue

- Priority issues
- Discussion and consensus
- Implementation of cross sector dialogue
- Building Capacity and Engaging small scale stakeholders

The Brazilian Forests Dialogue will lead the 4Fs process in 2014.

www.dialogoflorestal.org.br