4Fs TFD Kalimantan

Co-chairs summary of field trip

18 March 2014
Questions

1. Land use change
   • History, current land uses,
   • How is it changing, reasons for change

2. Management of land uses
   • Land management models, interactions,
   • Ecosystem services,
   • Drivers of change

3. Land use decisions
   • Policies/regulations in place,
   • How are land owners/managers making decisions?
   • What information is needed?
Locations visited

1. Buntain village – community forest and land use
2. Fishing village
3. Rubberwood plantations
4. Oilpalm plantations and mill
5. Goldmining
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<tr>
<th>Land use change History, current</th>
<th>Land management</th>
<th>Decisions</th>
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| **Buntan village** | - Not much change  
- Possible commercial plantation in future | Top-down zoning + rules.  
Drivers: REDD funds | Little room for decisions on topics discussed |
| **Fishing village** | - Mega-rice bad experience  
- Investing in fisheries as main “land” use | Previous government arrangements  
Downstream dependency  
Driver: Livelihood expectations | Village appeared to be in charge of land use decisions |
| **Rubberwood plantations** | - Recent establishment (10yr)  
- Further expansion of rubber | Top down models  
Driver: Livelihood expectations | Farmers appeared to be largely in charge  
Some market issues |
| **Oilpalm plantation and mill** | - Heavy investment + expansion over 10yrs  
- Expansion limited by concessions | T-D designations+rules  
Smallholders dependent  
Driver: Global demand, livelihood expectations | Corporation main decision maker within central regulations |
| **Goldmining** | - Destructive expansion  
- Illegal smallscale mining+trade | Driver:poverty | Is there an informal/illegal structure? |
Lessons learned & Topics for the continued dialogue (groupworks)

1. Landscape approach
   • Did we see any integrated landscape approach in decision-making? Impacts of Macro level decision making on local level?
   • What kind of participatory decision-making did we see?
   • Role of principles and standards for sustainability
   • Linkage between international goals (eg GHG emissions) & local livelihood goals (eg income, resilience)?
   • How effective are government-level regulations/institutional arrangements for landscape performance? How to improve? What are the bottle necks? Law enforcement and corruption

2. Enabling conditions
   • Capacity/opportunity for decision-making within communities and local authorities : conflict resolution
   • Legacy issues/ new partnerships
   • Capitals/value chains
   • Limitations in knowledge/information
     • Land use options (peat/mineral soil)
     • Market access
   • Access to affordable/fair/long term capital seems to be a limiting factor
   • Land tenure/rights including land acquisitions , transferability of land rights
   • Infrastructure

3. Social considerations
   • Gender: Women appear excluded from decision making
   • Land use decisions vary with origin, aspirations, ambitions , culture,
   • Future plans, education and migration trends`

4. Impacts of global Trade and consumption on Indonesia land uses