Welcome to the

Field Dialogue on REDD+ Benefit Sharing in Mexico

#REDD+BSMexico

2-5 June 2014 Chetumal, Mexico









Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety



Today's Program

Morning Chair: Sergio Humberto Graf Montero

09:00 Opening, Welcome Address & Participant Introduction - Pedro Álvarez Icaza, CONABIO

09:30 International Context of REDD+ Benefit Sharing:

- TFD's REDD+ Benefit Sharing Initiative Gary Dunning & Xiaoting Hou
- Chair reflections on the field trip
- Discussion

10:30 REDD+ Benefit Sharing in Mexico

- Background Paper Presentation Margaret Skutsch
- Presentation from Secretariat of Ecology and the Environment, Quintana Roo - Carlos Rafael Antonio Muñoz Berzunza
- Discussion

11:30 Coffee break

12:00 Plenary Discussion: Key Challenges for Designing and Implementing REDD+ Benefit Sharing in Mexico

13:30 Lunch

Afternoon Chair: Isilda Nhantumbo

14:30 Breakout Group Session 1: Stakeholder perspectives on key challenges in designing and implementing benefit sharing in Mexico

16:30 Break

17:00 Breakout group reports and plenary discus

18:00 Adjourn for the day

19:30 Group Dinner



TFD & the REDD+ Initiatives

Gary Dunning and **Xiaoting Hou**The Forests Dialogue

4 June 2014 Chetumal, Mexico





Welcome

Dialogue Co-Chairs

Sergio Humberto Graf Montero – CONAFOR

Isilda Nhantumbo - IIED

Milagre Nuvunga - MICAIA Foundation

Rosa Maria Vidal -Pronatura-Sur

REDD+ Benefit Sharing Initiative



Global Partner



Initiative Support







Mexico Dialogue Hosts







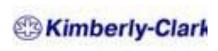












































The Forests Dialogue

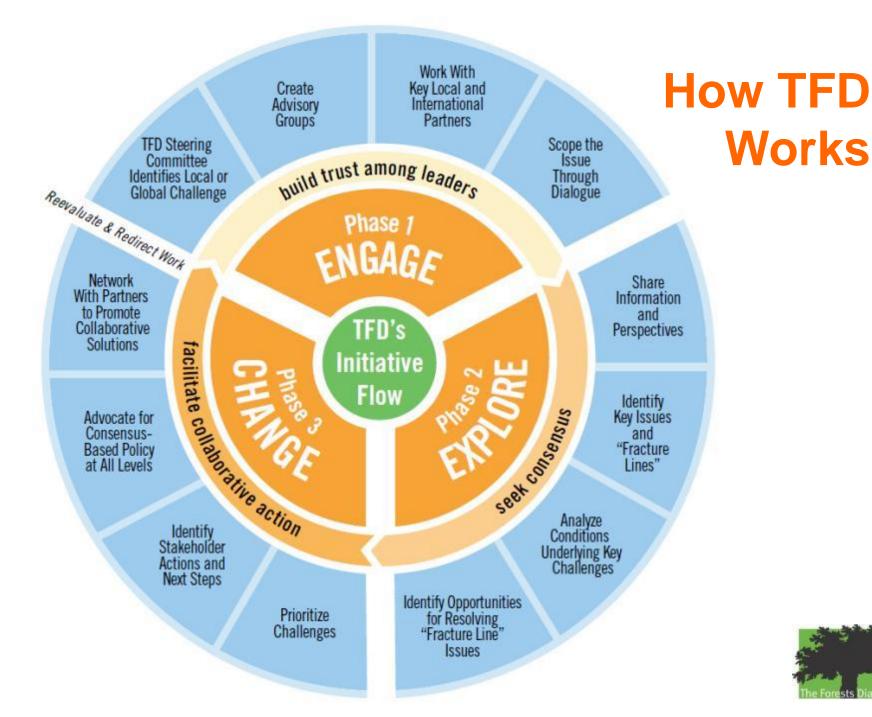
Purpose

- Established in 2000 by **NGO** and Business Leaders
- Reduce conflict among stakeholders in the forest sector
- International platform and process to discuss key SFM and conservation issues
- Build mutual trust, enhanced understanding and commitment to change

Structure

- **Steering Committee**
- Secretariat
- **Network of Partners**











TFD Initiatives

Priority SFM Issues

- REDD+ Benefit Sharing
- Food, Fuel, Fiber and Forests
- Genetically Modified Trees
- Free, Prior, and Informed Consent
- Investing in Locally Controlled Forestry
- Forests & Poverty Reduction and Rural Livelihoods
- Intensively Managed Planted Forests
- Illegal Logging and Forest Governance
- Forests and Biodiversity Conservation
- Forest Certification



TFD's Process

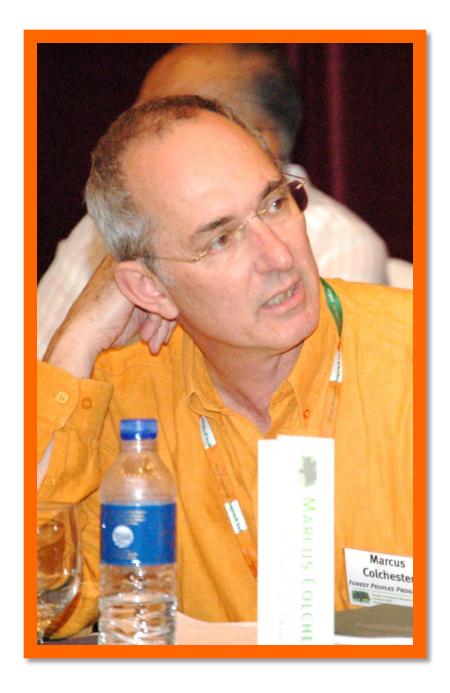
TFD Operates under the Chatham House Rule

"Participants are free to use the information received, but neither the identity nor the affiliation of the speaker(s), nor that of any other participant, may be revealed".

Ground Rules

- Use mobiles and computers during breaks
- No video
- Pictures OK
- Use Name Tents





TFD's Process

Spirit of Participation

- Active listening
- Constructive, solution oriented interventions
- Participate as individual
- Help define and own the outcomes
- Facilitation "light" / Co-Chair's roles



TFDs Forest and Climate Change Related Initiatives







Forest & Climate Change:

275 Leaders

Financing REDD+: 100 Stakeholders

REDD+ Readiness: 240 Stakeholders

Brazil; Ghana; Guatemala; Ecuador; Cambodia



UNFCCC

BALI: RED

Co-benefits/safeguard will "derail" RED

Other Multilateral **Mechanisms** Poznan:

REDD

FCPF UNREDD Copenhagen:

REDD+ Consensus on principles and safeguards Phased approach

FIP

Cancun:

Ratification of REDD+ Guidance and safeguards for REDD +(in ANNEX 1)

REDD+ Partnership Durban:

Market and nonmarket mechanisms may be both appropriate

REDD+ Partnership:

75 countries **FCPF: 37 UNREDD: 44**

FIP: 8



REDD+ Readiness Key Findings

- Establishment of a revenue and benefits distribution system
- Access to, use and availability of information and its use in capacity-building
- Effectiveness of multi-stakeholder participation and engagement mechanisms and processes
- Reform of policy and legislative frameworks, particularly those on tree and carbon rights
- Integration of REDD-plus policies with broader land-use plans and other sector and developm plans

REDD+ Benefit Sharing Initiative



Global Partner



Initiative Support



Objectives of REDD+ Benefit Sharing Initiative

- Build a community of practice among locally-rooted, well connected REDD practitioners to share experiences and to develop practical tools that support effective, efficient and equitable benefit sharing for REDD+;
- Analyze the current state of REDD+ Benefit Sharing in several countries and identify the challenges and opportunities of designing and implementing those mechanisms more broadly;
- Promote appropriate economic, policy and institutional arrangements at local, national and international levels to facilitate equitable and efficient delivery of REDD+ Benefit Sharing mechanisms.

REDD+ Benefit Sharing to Date

 Advisors: 16 experts representing communities, IP, gender experts IGO, private sector, NGOs

Work With

23-24 March 2013 – Washington, DC



COP₂₀

24-27 September, 2013 – Lam Dong, Vietnam

2-5 December, 2013-Elmina, Ghana

24-28 February, 2014-Lima and San Martin, Peru

2-5 June, 2-14-Yucatán Peninsula, Mexico

Key Issues(1)

What can be done in the immediate term to identify and work with beneficiaries when rights are unclear/or land right system is complicated?

- In the long-term, holistic devolution of natural resource management rights to communities
- Use lower-level legal instruments, e.g. documented ministerial documents, conservation contracts
- National Level- Set priorities to guide identification (e.g. poverty reduction)
- Sub-national level multi-stakeholder platform to allow open discussions to identify beneficiaries based on local context
- Recognize existing customary system (Ghana & Peru)
- Strengthen capacity to mediate conflicts and negotiate benefits sharing

Key Issues(2)

How to design national programs on REDD+ Benefit Sharing that accommodate different local context?

- Recognize the differences and linkage between project-level and national-level approaches
- Design a macro framework under clear societal goals at nationallevel to guide participatory design and implementation of Benefit Sharing based on sub-national contexts
- Ensure transparency and free access to information
- Feedback/grievance mechanisms

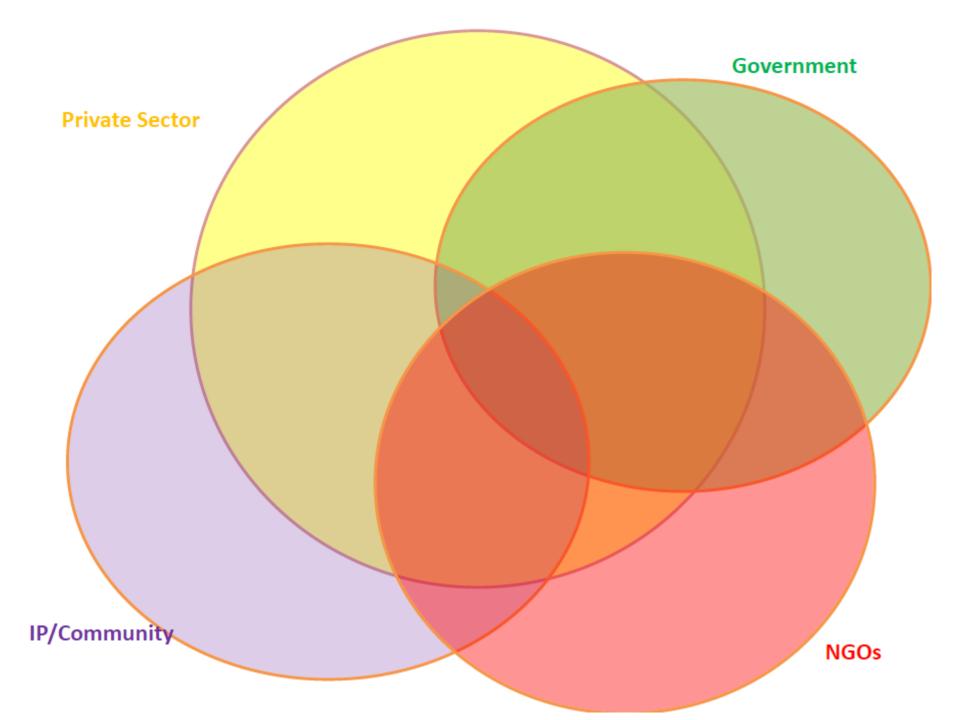
Key Issues(3)

How to use multiple benefits to incentivize stakeholders at different levels and in different phases of REDD+?

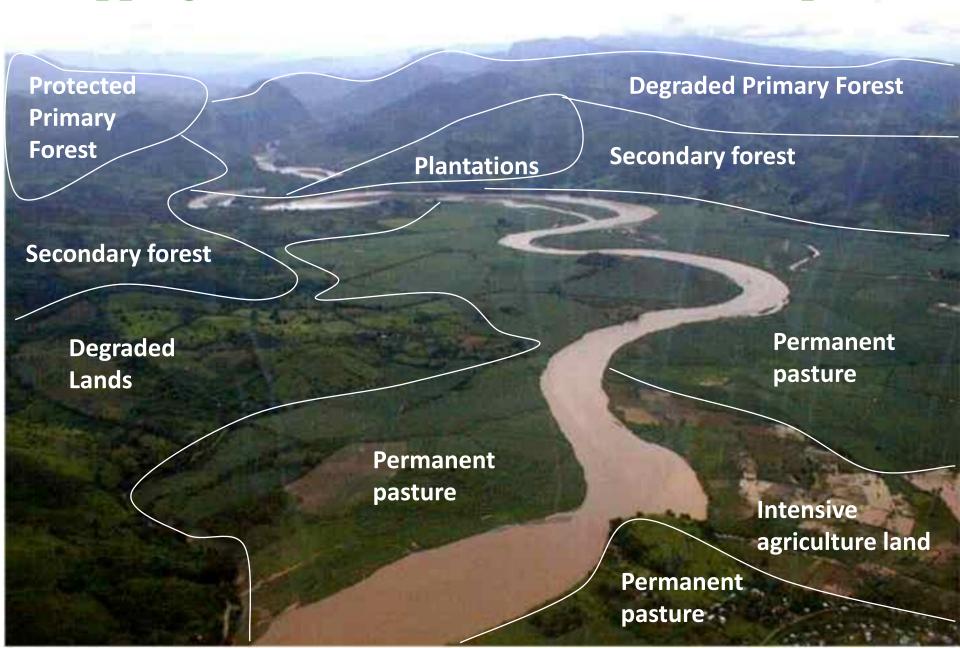
Different stakeholders have different interpretations of cash/non-
cash benefits but desire multiple benefits from REDD+
Link short-term and long-term benefits
Build cross-sectoral collaboration and invest in sustainable
land-use planning to maximize the benefits from forest
landscapes
Provide education to make stakeholders value ecosystem
services benefits
Design benefits based on cultural and spiritual values
Consider trade-offs among different benefits among different
stakeholder groups
Identify multiple benefits that can be used to incentivize

stakeholders (e.g. access to market; new partnerships; technical

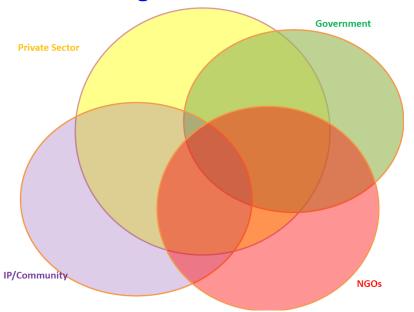
support etc.)



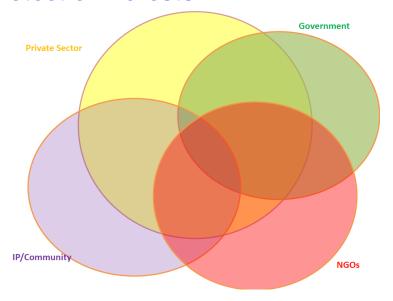
Mapping Incentives for Different Landscapes



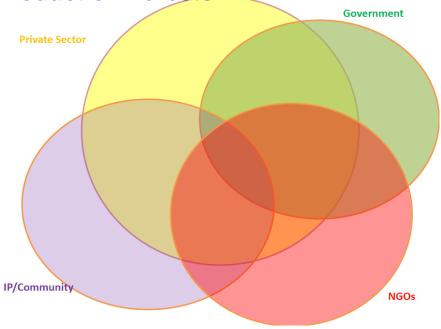
Intensive Agriculture

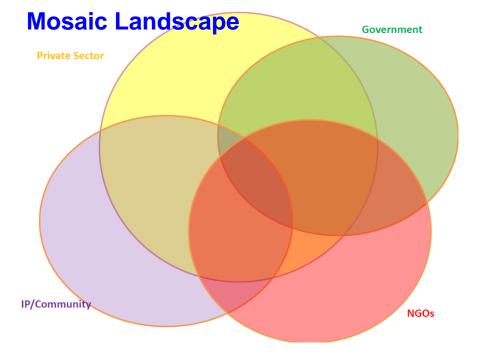


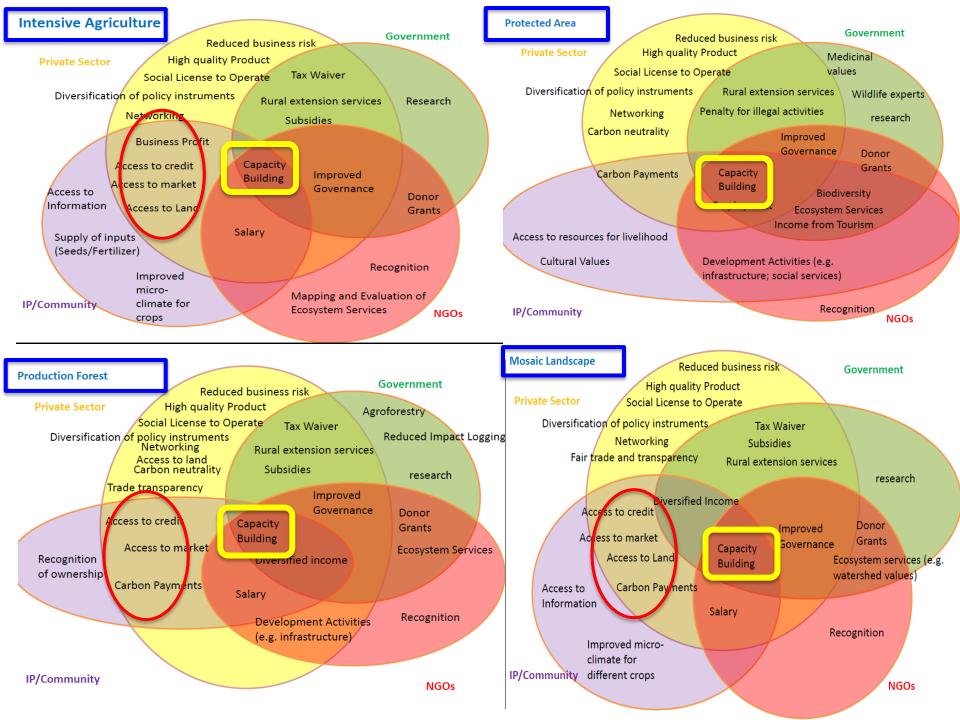
Protection Forests











Key Issues(4)

How to actively involve private sector in designing and implementing REDD+ Benefits Sharing?

- Recognize different types of private sector may need different incentives to engage
- Building the business case for private sector
- Build private and public sector partnership

Key Issues(5)

On what basis can benefits be shared?

- Different mechanisms apply at different levels and through different phases of REDD+
- Leverage multiple benefits and include non-cash benefits at sub-national level
- Simplified messages and approaches at local level

Key Issues(6)

How to reduce the costs of implementing REDD+?

- Build on existing programs where appropriate
- Invest in sustainable forest landscape management in ways that can generate income while reducing deforestation and degradation

Key Next Steps in Vietnam & Ghana & Peru

- Identify the bundle of benefits that can be used to incentivize stakeholders;
- Strengthen community forestry;
- Study and learn from existing mechanisms beyond PFES;
- Strengthen existing multistakeholder platforms for information exchange and discussions on REDD+ Benefit Sharing among different stakeholder groups including government, NGOs, private sector and communities;
- Institutionalize recourse and grievance procedures;
- •

Key Next Steps in Mexico





Thanks!

TFD Documents and Publications

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